Date Issued: February 3, 2011

Supersedes Date: November 20, 2008

# **MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

IDENTIFICATION AND EMERGENCY INFORMATION								
Product Name	SHUR/Fr	SHUR/Freeze						
<b>Product Code (Catalog N</b>	FRZ-1 (C	FRZ-1 (Catalog number change only-previously H-FRZ-1)						
<b>Product Category (Chen</b>	hydrofluc	hydrofluorocarbon						
Product Appearance and	slight eth	Clear gas at standard temperature and pressure with a slight ethereal odor. Finished package: aerosol container filled w/liquified gas.						
<b>Emergency Notification</b>	Chem-Te	Chem-Tel 1-800-255-3924						
COMPONENTS AND HAZARD INFORMATION								
Component	No.	%	OSHA ppm	A TWA		SHA STEL n mg/m3		
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroetha	7-2		NE	NE	NE	NE		
PHYSICAL DATA  THE FOLLOWING DATA ARE APPROXIMATE OR TYPICAL VALUES AND SHOULD NOT BE USED FOR PRECISE DESIGN PURPOSES.								
Boiling Range -15	Specific Gravity 1.21		Molecular Weight NE		Viscosity NE			
Percent Volatile by Volume 100	Vapor Press degree 96 p	ees	(Air =			Pour, Congealing or Melting Point NA		
Solubility in Water @1 25°C (77°F) substantial	Evaporati	Evaporation Rate @1 ATM and 25°C (77°F) (n-Butyl Acetate =1) >1			pH NE			
FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD INFORMATION								
Flash Point (Minimum) NE	Autoigniti	ature	Test M	ode	LEL non- flammable	UEL non- flammable		
Handling Precautions NA								

NA = not applicable

NL = not listed

NE = not established

NNR = not normally required

## Flammable or Explosive Limits (Approximate Percent by Volume in Air)

NF

## **Extinguishing Media**

Use media appropriate for surrounding material.

### **Fire Fighting Procedures**

Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible bursting when exposed to high temperatures. Firemen should wear self-contained, positive pressure, respiratory equipment. Hazardous decomposition products.

## **Decomposition Products Under Fire Condition**

This material can be decomposed by high temperature (open flames, flowing metal surfaces, etc.) forming hydrofluoric acids and possibly carbonyl halides.

## "Empty" Container Warning

## **Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards**

Contents under pressure. Keep temperatures of containers below 120°F to prevent bursting. Exposure to temperature above 120°F may cause can to burst with violence and cause injury.

## **HEALTH AND HAZARD INFORMATION**

## Variability Among Individuals

## Signs and symptoms of overexposure

Skin Contact: Liquid contact can cause frostbite. Eye Contact: Liquid contact can cause frostbite

Inhalation: Vapor is heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing. Breathing high concentrations of vapor may cause lightheadedness, giddiness, shortness of breath, and may lead to narcosis, cardiac irregularities, unconsciousness or death.

#### **Effects of Overexposure**

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents of the can may be harmful or fatal.

## Nature of Hazard and Toxicity Information

## Pre-existing Medical Conditions which may be Aggravated by Exposure

#### Threshold Limit Value

DuPont recommended 1,000 ppm TWA exposure level.

### **Health Hazards**

#### PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY AND EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

## **Eye Contact**

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of cold water. Call a physician.

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#### Skin

Flush with water. Treat for frostbite if necessary.

#### Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If breathing difficult, give oxygen. Do not give epinephrine or similar drugs. Call a physician.

## **Ingestion**

Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

## SEEK MEDICAL TREATMENT IF DISCOMFORT PERSISTS.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Because of possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, catecholamine drugs, such as epinephrine, should only be used with special caution in situations of emergency life support.

REACTIVITY					
Stability Stable	Incompatibility Alkali or alkaline earth metals; powdered aluminum, Zinc, Be, etc.	Hazardous Decomposition Products This material can be decomposed by high temperature (open flames, flowing metal surface, etc.) forming hydrofluoric acids and possibly carbonyl halides.			
Materials to Avoid NA	Hazardous Polymerization Will not occur.	Conditions to Avoid Avoid excessive heat, ignition sources, open flames, or other high temperatures which induce thermal decomposition.			

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION**

## Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled

Ventilate area, especially low places where heavy vapors might collect. Remove open flames. Use self-contained breathing apparatus for large spills.

## **Disposal**

Dispose in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Do not incinerate closed or empty containers.

## **Other Precautions:**

Contents under pressure. Do not puncture or incinerate. Exposure to temperatures above 120°F may cause can to burst with violence and cause injury. Vapors are heavier than air and will collect in low areas.

#### Precautions to be taken in handling and storage

Avoid skin and eye contact with spray and liquid due to frostbite hazard. Do not store above 110°F. Do not store near any open flames or ignition sources.

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION MAY BE USEFUL IN COMPLYING WITH VARIOUS STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS UNDER VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL STATUTES.

Reportable Quantity (RQ), EPA Regulation 40 CFR 302 (CERCLA Section 102)

Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ), EPA Regulation 40 CFR 355 (SARA Sections 301-304)

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Toxic Chemical Release Reporting, EPA Regulation 40 CFR 372 (SARA Section 313)

This product does not contain any ingredients subject to SARA Section 313.

Hazardous Chemical Reporting, EPA Regulation 40 CFR 370 (SARA Sections 311-312)

#### SPECIAL STATE NOTIFICATIONS

#### PROTECTION AND PRECAUTIONS

#### Ventilation

Local or mechanical exhaust to keep below TLV.

### **Respiratory Protection**

Under normal use conditions, no respiratory protection is required. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) is required if a large spill or release occurs.

#### **Protective Gloves**

Lined butyl gloves should be worn when handling liquid.

#### **Eve Protection**

Safety glasses or goggles should be worn when handling liquid.

### **Other Protective Equipment**

None reasonably foreseeable.

## TRANSPORTATION AND OSHA RELATED LABEL INFORMATION

**Transportation Incident Information** 

**U.S. DOT Hazardous Materials Shipping Description** 

**OSHA Required Label Information** 

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